

# Thermal Network Camera

**User Manual** 

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The Manual includes instructions for using and managing the Product. Pictures, charts, images and all other information hereinafter are for description and explanation only. The information contained in the Manual is subject to change, without notice, due to firmware updates or other reasons. Please find the latest version of this Manual at the Hikvision website (https://www.hikvision.com/).

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# **Symbol Conventions**

The symbols that may be found in this document are defined as follows.

Symbol	Description	
<u>Î</u> Danger	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will or could result in death or serious injury.	
Caution	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in equipment damage, data loss, performance degradation, or unexpected results.	
Note	Provides additional information to emphasize or supplement important points of the main text.	

# **Safety Instruction**

These instructions are intended to ensure that user can use the product correctly to avoid danger or property loss.

# **Laws and Regulations**

• In the use of the product, you must be in strict compliance with the electrical safety regulations of the nation and region.

# **Transportation**

- Keep the device in original or similar packaging while transporting it.
- Keep all wrappers after unpacking them for future use. In case of any failure occurred, you need
  to return the device to the factory with the original wrapper. Transportation without the
  original wrapper may result in damage on the device and the company shall not take any
  responsibilities.
- DO NOT drop the product or subject it to physical shock. Keep the device away from magnetic interference.

# **Power Supply**

- Please purchase the charger by yourself. Input voltage should meet the Limited Power Source (12 VDC, 24 VAC, or PoE(802.3af)) according to the IEC62368 standard. Please refer to technical specifications for detailed information.
- Make sure the plug is properly connected to the power socket.
- The socket-outlet shall be installed near the equipment and shall be easily accessible.
- DO NOT connect multiple devices to one power adapter, to avoid over-heating or fire hazards caused by overload.
- DO NOT touch the bare metal contacts of the inlets after the circuit breaker is turned off.
   Electricity still exists.
- + identifies the positive terminal(s) of equipment which is used with, or generates direct current. - identifies the negative terminal(s) of equipment which is used with, or generates direct current.

#### **Battery**

- Risk of explosion if the battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Dispose of used batteries
  according to the instructions. Il y a risque d'explosion si la batterie est remplacée par une
  batterie de type incorrect. Mettre au rebut les batteries usagées conformément aux
  instructions.
- The built-in battery cannot be dismantled. Please contact the manufacture for repair if necessary.
- For long-term storage of the battery, make sure it is fully charged every half year to ensure the battery quality. Otherwise, damage may occur.
- This equipment is not suitable for use in locations where children are likely to be present.
- Improper replacement of the battery with an incorrect type may defeat a safeguard (for

- example, in the case of some lithium battery types).
- DO NOT dispose of the battery into fire or a hot oven, or mechanically crush or cut the battery, which may result in an explosion.
- DO NOT leave the battery in an extremely high temperature surrounding environment, which may result in an explosion or the leakage of flammable liquid or gas.
- DO NOT subject the battery to extremely low air pressure, which may result in an explosion or the leakage of flammable liquid or gas.

#### Installation

- Never place the equipment in an unstable location. The equipment may fall, causing serious personal injury or death.
- This equipment is for use only with corresponding brackets. Use with other (carts, stands, or carriers) may result in instability causing injury.

# **System Security**

- You acknowledge that the nature of Internet provides for inherent security risks, and our company shall not take any responsibilities for abnormal operation, privacy leakage or other damages resulting from cyber attack, hacker attack, however, our company will provide timely technical support if required.
- Please enforce the protection for the personal information and the data security as the device may be confronted with the network security problems when it is connected to the Internet.
   Please contact us when the device might exist network security risks.
- Please understand that you have the responsibility to configure all the passwords and other security settings about the device, and keep your user name and password.

#### Maintenance

- If the product does not work properly, please contact your dealer or the nearest service center.
   We shall not assume any responsibility for problems caused by unauthorized repair or maintenance.
- A few device components (e.g., electrolytic capacitor) require regular replacement. The average lifespan varies, so periodic checking is recommended. Contact your dealer for details.
- Wipe the device gently with a clean cloth and a small quantity of ethanol, if necessary.
- If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the device may be impaired.
- To reduce the risk of fire, replace only with the same type and rating of fuse.
- The serial port of the equipment is used for debugging only.

## **Using Environment**

- Make sure the running environment meets the requirement of the device. The operating temperature shall be -40°C to 65°C (-40°F to 149°F), and the operating humidity shall be 95% or less, no condensing.
- DO NOT expose the device to high electromagnetic radiation or dusty environments.
- DO NOT aim the lens at the sun or any other bright light.
- The equipment shall not be exposed to dripping or splashing and that no objects filled with

liquids, such as vases, shall be placed on the equipment.

- No naked flame sources, such as lighted candles, should be placed on the equipment.
- Provide a surge suppressor at the inlet opening of the equipment under special conditions such as the mountain top, iron tower, and forest.

## **Emergency**

• If smoke, odor, or noise arises from the device, immediately turn off the power, unplug the power cable, and contact the service center.

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# **Chapter 1 Overview**

# 1.1 Brief Description

Thermal network camera equipped with built-in GPU which supports intelligent perimeter protection algorithm, can realize high-precision VCA detection and real-time alarm. It is applied to perimeter protection and fire-prevention purposes in critical infrastructures such as community, villa, construction site, factory, 4S stores, and so on. The pre-alarm system helps you discover unexpected events immediately and protects your property.

# 1.2 Function

This section introduces main functions of the device.
i_Note
Not all models support the configurations below. Take the actual product for reference.

## **Fire Detection**

Device can detect the dynamic fire source in the scene and output pre-alarm and alarm to protect the property.

## **Temperature Measurement**

Device can measure the actual temperature of the spot being monitored. The device alarms when temperature exceeds the temperature threshold value.

#### **VCA**

Device can do perimeter protection. Multiple rules can be configured for different requirements.

# **Chapter 2 Device Activation and Accessing**

To protect the security and privacy of the user account and data, you should set a login password to activate the device when access the device via network.



Refer to the user manual of the software client for the detailed information about the client software activation.

# 2.1 Activate the Device via SADP

Search and activate the online devices via SADP software.

#### **Before You Start**

Access www.hikvision.com to get SADP software to install.

#### Steps

- 1. Connect the device to network using the network cable.
- 2. Run SADP software to search the online devices.
- 3. Check **Device Status** from the device list, and select **Inactive** device.
- 4. Create and input the new password in the password field, and confirm the password.



We highly recommend you create a strong password of your own choosing (using a minimum of 8 characters, including upper case letters, lower case letters, numbers, and special characters) in order to increase the security of your product. And we recommend you reset your password regularly, especially in the high security system, resetting the password monthly or weekly can better protect your product.

5. Click OK.

**Device Status** changes into **Active**.

6. Optional: Change the network parameters of the device in Modify Network Parameters.

# 2.2 Activate the Device via Browser

You can access and activate the device via the browser.

## **Steps**

- 1. Connect the device to the PC using the network cables.
- 2. Change the IP address of the PC and device to the same segment.



The default IP address of the device is 192.168.1.64. You can set the IP address of the PC from 192.168.1.2 to 192.168.1.253 (except 192.168.1.64). For example, you can set the IP address of the PC to 192.168.1.100.

- 3. Input 192.168.1.64 in the browser.
- 4. Set device activation password.



We highly recommend you create a strong password of your own choosing (using a minimum of 8 characters, including at least three of the following categories: upper case letters, lower case letters, numbers, and special characters) in order to increase the security of your product. And we recommend you reset your password regularly, especially in the high security system, resetting the password monthly or weekly can better protect your product.

- 5. Click OK.
- 6. Input the activation password to log in to the device.
- 7. Optional: Go to **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Network**  $\rightarrow$  **Basic**  $\rightarrow$  **TCP/IP** to change the IP address of the device to the same segment of your network.

# 2.3 Login

Log in to the device via Web browser.

# 2.3.1 Plug-in Installation

Certain operation systems and web browser may restrict the display and operation of the device function. You should install plug-in or complete certain settings to ensure normal display and operation. For detailed restricted function, refer to the actual device.

Operating System	Web Browser	Operation
	Internet Explorer 10+	Follow pop-up prompts to complete plug-in installation.
		Click Download Plug-in to download and install plug-in.
Windows	Google Chrome 57+	Go to <b>Configuration</b> $\rightarrow$
	Mozilla Firefox 52+	Network → Advanced Settings → Network Service
		to enable WebSocket or
		WebSockets for normal view if

Operating System	Web Browser	Operation
		plug-in installation is not required. Display and operation of certain functions are restricted. For example, Playback and Picture are not available. For detailed restricted function, refer to the actual device.
		Plug-in installation is not required.
Mac OS 10.13+	Mac Safari 12+	Go to Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → Network Service to enable WebSocket or WebSockets for normal view. Display and operation of certain functions are restricted. For example, Playback and Picture are not available. For detailed restricted function, refer to the actual device.



The device only supports Windows and Mac OS system and does not support Linux system.

# 2.3.2 Illegal Login Lock

It helps to improve the security when accessing the device via Internet.

Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  Security  $\rightarrow$  Security Service, and enable Enable Illegal Login Lock. Illegal Login Attempts and Locking Duration are configurable.

## **Illegal Login Attempts**

When your login attempts with the wrong password reach the set times, the device is locked.

## **Locking Duration**

The device releases the lock after the setting duration.

# **Chapter 3 Temperature Measurement**

When you enable this function, the device measures the actual temperature of the scene. It alarms when temperature exceeds the temperature threshold value.

# 3.1 Notice

This part introduces the notices of configuring temperature measurement function.

- The target surface should be as vertical to the optical axis as possible. It is recommended that the angle of oblique image plane should be less than 45°.
- The target image pixels should be more than 5 × 5.
- Please select line thermography or area thermography for a certain area temperature measurement. The point thermography is not recommended in case of deviation occurred during device movement to affect the accuracy of temperature measurement.

# **3.2 Thermography Configuration Flow Chart**

This part introduces the process of configuring temperature measurement.

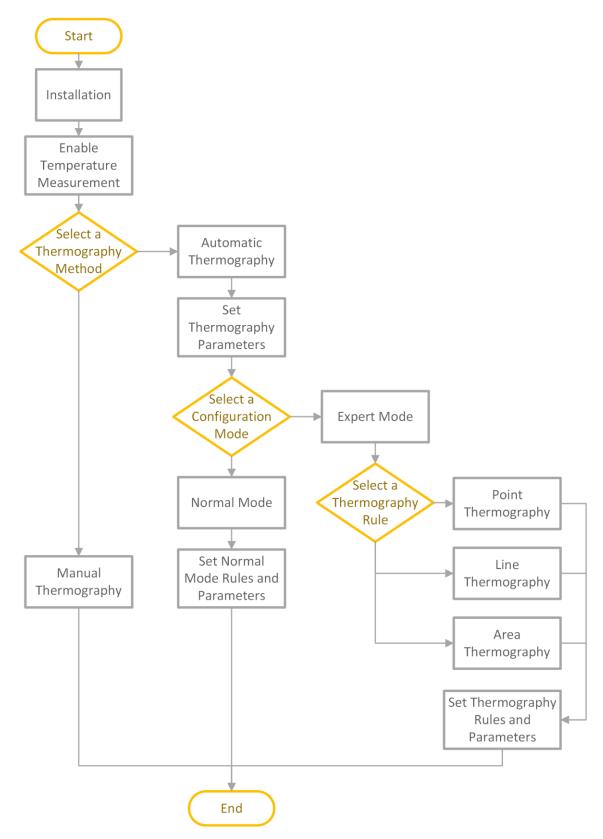


Figure 3-1 Thermography Configuration Flow Chart



Please refer to the *Quick Start Guide* for detailed information of Installation part in the flow chart.

# 3.3 Automatic Thermography

Configure the temperature measurement parameters and temperature measurement rules. The device can measure the actual temperature and output alarms when temperature exceeds the alarm threshold value.

# 3.3.1 Set Thermography Parameters

Configure the parameters of temperature measurement.

#### **Steps**

1. Go to Configuration → Local, enable Display Temperature Info.

## **Display Temperature Info.**

Select **Yes** to display temperature information on live view.

Enable **Rules** to display the rules information on live view.

- 2. Click Save.
- 3. Go to **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Temperature Measurement**  $\rightarrow$  **Basic Settings** to configure parameters.

## **Enable Temperature Measurement**

Check to enable temperature measurement function.

#### **Enable Color-Temperature**

Check to display Temperature-Color Ruler in live view.

#### **Display Temperature Info. on Stream**

Check to display temperature information on the stream.

#### Display Max./Min./Average Temperature

Check to display maximum/minimum/average temperature information on live view when the temperature measurement rule is line or area.

### **Position of Thermometry Info**

Select the position of temperature information showed on the live view.

- Near Target: display the information beside the temperature measurement rule.
- Top Left: display the information on the top left of screen.

#### **Add Original Data on Capture**

Check to add data on alarm triggered capture of thermal channel.

## **Add Original Data on Stream**

Check to add original data on thermal view.

#### **Data Refresh Interval**

It means the refresh interval of temperature information.

#### Unit

Display temperature with Degree Celsius (°C)/Degree Fahrenheit (°F)/Degree Kelvin (K).

#### **Temperature Range**

Select the temperature measurement range. The device can adjust the temperature range automatically if you select **Auto**.

## **Atmospheric Temperature**

Set the atmospheric temperature.

## **Atmospheric Humidity**

Set the atmospheric humidity.

#### **Atmospheric Transmissivity**

Set the atmospheric transmissivity from 0 to 1.

#### **Distance Mode**

Select the distance mode for temperature measurement. **Fixed Distance** and **Self-Adaption** are selectable.

#### Version

View the version of current algorithm.

#### **Calibration File Version**

View the version of calibration file.

#### **Alarm Interval**

Set the alarm interval between two alarms.

#### **Reflect Light Filter**

Enable these functions if there is strong reflect light from sun, or it may cause false alarm. The filter sensitivity can be adjusted.

Check **Display Filtering Status**, and an OSD will be displayed when the function is enabled.

Click **Restart** to restart the algorithm library of reflect light filter.

#### **Forklift Filter**

Enable these functions if there is forklift in the scene, or it may cause false alarm. The filter level can be adjusted.

Check **Display Filtering Status**, and an OSD will be displayed when the function is enabled.

Click **Restart** to restart algorithm library of forklift filter.

1 Note

The settings vary according to different camera models.

Reflect Light Filter & Forklift Filter are mutually exclusive with VCA functions.

The filtering status will be displayed on the lower right of the interface.

4. Click Save.

## 3.3.2 Set Normal Mode

This function is used to measure the temperature of the whole scene and alarm.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Temperature Measurement  $\rightarrow$  Basic Settings, and check Enable Temperature Measurement.
- 2. Refer to Set Thermography Parameters to set the parameters.
- 3. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Temperature Measurement  $\rightarrow$  Advanced Settings, and select Normal.
- 4. Configure the parameters of normal mode.

#### **Emissivity**

Set the emissivity of your target. The emissivity of each object is different.

#### **Distance**

The distance between the target and the device.

#### **Pre-Alarm Threshold**

When the temperature of target exceeds the pre-alarm threshold, and this status keeps more than **Filtering Time**, it triggers pre-alarm.

#### **Alarm Threshold**

When the temperature of target exceeds the alarm threshold, and this status keeps more than **Filtering Time**, it triggers alarm.

#### **Pre-Alarm Output and Alarm Output**

Check **Pre-Alarm Output** and **Alarm Output** to link the pre-alarm or alarm with the connected alarm device.

#### **Temperature Sudden Change Alarm**

When the temperature change exceeds the set sudden change alarm value within the set cycle, the camera triggers an alarm.

**i**Note

Temperature sudden change alarm is only supported by certain device models.

- 5. Refer to <u>Set Arming Schedule</u> for setting scheduled time. Refer to <u>Linkage Method Settings</u> for setting linkage method.
- 6. Click Save.

The maximum and minimum temperature will be displayed on the live view.

Note

Go to Image  $\rightarrow$  VCA Rules Display to adjust the fonts size and the temperature colour of normal, alarm and pre-alarm.

# 3.3.3 Set Expert Mode

Select the temperature measurement rules from **Point**, **Line**, or **Area** and configure parameters, the device alarms if the alarm rules are met.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration → Temperature Measurement → Basic Settings, check Enable Temperature Measurement.
- 2. Refer to **Set Thermography Parameters** to set the parameters.
- 3. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Temperature Measurement  $\rightarrow$  Advanced Settings, select Expert.
- 4. Select and enable the temperature measurement rules. Please refer to **Set Thermography Rule** for setting the rule.
- 5. Optional: Click **Area's Temperature Comparison** to set the alarm rules and the temperature.
- Refer to <u>Set Arming Schedule</u> for setting scheduled time. Refer to <u>Linkage Method Settings</u> for setting linkage method.
- 7. Click Save.

The maximum temperature and thermography rules will be displayed on the live view.

Note

Go to Image  $\rightarrow$  VCA Rules Display to adjust the fonts size and the temperature color of normal, alarm and pre-alarm.

- 8. Optional: Call the preset and check if the rules are efficient.
- 9. Enable the scan function of device, such as linear scan to monitor the scene.

# 3.3.4 Set Thermography Rule

#### **Steps**

- 1. Customize the rule name.
- 2. Select the rule **type** to Point, Line, or Area. Then draw a point, line, or area on the interface where the position to be measured.

**Point** Please refer to *Point Thermography* for detailed configuration.

**Line** Please refer to <u>Line Thermography</u> for detailed configuration.

Area Please refer to <u>Area Thermography</u> for detailed configuration.

3. Configure the temperature measurement parameters.

## **Emissivity**

Set the emissivity of the target. The emissivity of the surface of a material is its effectiveness in emitting energy as thermal radiation. Different objects have different emissivity. Refer to **Common Material Emissivity Reference** to search for the target emissivity.

#### **Distance**

The distance between the target and the device.

#### **Reflective Temperature**

If there is any object with high emissivity in the scene, check and set the reflective temperature to correct the temperature. The reflective temperature should be set the same as the temperature of the high emissivity object.

4. Click and set the Alarm Rule.

#### **Alarm Temperature and Pre-Alarm Temperature**

Set the alarm temperature and pre-alarm temperature. E.g., select Alarm Rule as Above (Average Temperature), set the Pre-Alarm Temperature to 50 °C, and set the Alarm Temperature to 55 °C. The device pre-alarms when its average temperature is higher than 50 °C and alarms when its average temperature is higher than 55 °C.

## **Filtering Time**

It refers to the duration time after the target temperature reaches or exceeds the pre-alarm temperature/alarm temperature.

## **Tolerance Temperature**

Set the tolerance temperature to prevent the constant temperature change to affect the alarm. E.g., set tolerance temperature as 3°C, set alarm temperature as 55°C, and set prealarm temperature as 50°C. The device sends pre-alarm when its temperature reaches 50°C and it alarms when its temperature reaches 55°C and only when the device temperature is lower than 52°C will the alarm be cancelled.

#### **Pre-Alarm Output and Alarm Output**

When the temperature of target exceeds the pre-alarm or alarm threshold, it triggers the pre-alarm or alarm output of the connected device.

#### **Area's Temperature Comparison**

Select two areas and set the comparison rule, and set the temperature difference threshold. The device alarms when the temperature difference meets the setting value.

- 5. You can shield certain area from being detected. Refer to **<u>Set Shielded Region</u>** for detailed settings.
- 6. Click Save.

Click **Live View**, and select thermal channel to view the temperature and rules information on live view.

# 3.3.5 Point Thermography

Configure the temperature measurement rule and click any point in live view to monitor the temperature.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Click in the live view and a cross cursor showed on the interface.
- 2. Drag the cross cursor to desired position.

  Go to **Live View** interface to view the temperature and rule of the point in thermal channel.

# 3.3.6 Line Thermography

Configure the temperature measurement rule and monitor the maximum temperature of the line.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Click and drag the mouse to draw a line in the live view interface.
- 2. Click and move the line to adjust the position.
- 3. Click and drag the ends of the line to adjust the length.

  Go to **Live View** interface to view the maximum temperature and rule of the line in thermal channel.

# 3.3.7 Area Thermography

Configure the temperature measurement rule and monitor the maximum temperature of the area.

## Steps

- 1. Click and drag the mouse in the liveview to draw the area and right click to finish drawing.
- 2. Click and move the area to adjust the position.
- Drag the corners of the area to adjust the size and shape.Go to Live View interface to view the maximum temperature and rule of the area in thermal channel.

# 3.4 Set Shielded Region

You can configure areas from being detected.

#### Steps

- 1. Check **Enable Shield Area**.
- 2. Click .
- 3. Drag the mouse in the live view to draw the area. You can drag the corners of the red rectangle area to change its shape and size.
- 4. Right click the mouse to stop drawing.
- 5. Optional: Select one area and click X to delete it.

6. Click Save.

# 3.5 Manual Thermography

After enable the manual thermography function of the device, you can click any position on the live view to show the real temperature.

### Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration → Local and select Display Temperature Info. as Yes.
- 2. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Temperature Measurement  $\rightarrow$  Basic Settings.
- 3. Check Enable Temperature Measurement.
- 4. Click Save.
- 5. Go to live view interface and select thermal channel, click 3. Click any position on the interface to show the real temperature.

# **Chapter 4 Fire Source Detection**

The device will trigger and upload alarm when detect the fire source or smoking. Fire source detection includes fire source detection and smoking detection. It is applied to fire-prevention purposes in scenic region, forest, tunnel and so on.



Not all models support the configurations below, take the actual product for reference.

#### **Fire Detection**

Configure the fire source detection parameters. When fire source is detected, the alarm actions will be triggered.

## **Smoking Detection**

The device can detect the smoking behavior and output alarm.

# 4.1 Recommended Scene

This part introduces the recommended scenes of fire source detection and helps you select the appropriate scene.

Fire source detection can be applied to indoor and outdoor monitoring with a large maximum detection radius. To achieve the best monitoring effect, please set the installation place as requirements below.

- The installation place should be the highest position within the detection area. The lens should not be covered during movement to detect the maximum area.
- It is better to choose the installation place with convenient traffic, well-equipped power and internet facilities. E.g. communication tower, watchtower, high-rise roof and so on.

## 4.2 Set Fire Detection Parameters

To avoid the potential fire damage, you should configure the fire detection function for certain areas. The detail configuration steps show as below.

#### **Before You Start**

Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  Maintenance  $\rightarrow$  VCA Resource Type, select Temperature Measurement+Perimeter Protection or Temperature Measurement+Fire Detection.

#### Steps

1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Local.

- 2. Check **Locate Highest Temperature Point** to display the position of highest temperature. Check **Frame Fire Point** to frame the fire source on live view.
- 3. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Event  $\rightarrow$  Smart Event, select Dynamic Fire Source Detection.
- 4. Check Enable Dynamic Fire Source Detection.
- 5. Set the parameters of fire detection.

## **Fire Source Detection Mode**

## **Smoking Mode**

Detect smoking behavior in the scene.

#### **Dynamic Fire**

Detect the fire source in the scene.

## Sensitivity

The sensitivity of fire detection. The bigger the value is, more easily the fire source can be detected, and the false rate is higher.



When VCA Resource Type is selected as Temperature Measurement+Perimeter Protection, only smoking detection is supported. When VCA Resource Type is selected as Temperature Measurement+Fire Detection, two detection modes are both supported.

- 6. Check **Display Fire Source Frame on Stream** to display a red frame around the fire source on stream when fire occurs.
- 7. Optional: you can shield certain areas from being detected in fire source detection.
  - 1) Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Event  $\rightarrow$  Smart Event  $\rightarrow$  Fire Source Detection Shield.
  - 2) Check Enable Fire Source Detection Shield.
  - 3) Click **Draw Area** and drag the mouse in the live view to draw the area. Release the mouse to finish drawing.
  - 4) You can drag the corners of the red rectangle area to change its shape and size. Or drag the rectangle to the position on your demand.
  - 5) Click **Stop Drawing**.
  - 6) Click Clear All to clear all of the setting areas.
  - 7) Set the value of **Active Zoom Ratio** on your demand, and then the shield will only appear when the zoom ratio is greater than the predefined value
  - 8) Click Add to save the smoke detection shield, and it will be listed in the Fire Source Detection Shield List area; you can select a region and click Delete to delete it from the list; you can also define the color of the regions.
  - 9) Check **Display Shield Region** to show the shielded area in live view.
- 8. Refer to <u>Set Arming Schedule</u> for setting scheduled time. Refer to <u>Linkage Method Settings</u> for setting linkage method.
- 9. Click Save.

# **Chapter 5 Perimeter Protection**

The perimeter protection function is used to detect whether there is any target break the VCA rules. The optical camera will track the target or the device will alarm when the VCA rule is triggered.

# **5.1 Flow Chart of Perimeter Protection**

The process of configuring the perimeter protection function is described below.

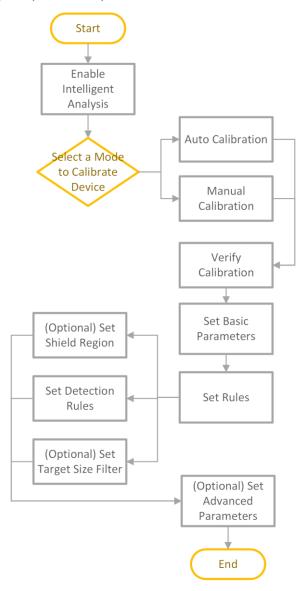


Figure 5-1 Flow Chart of Perimeter Protection Configuration

# 5.2 Set VCA Parameters

## **Steps**

1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  VCA  $\rightarrow$  Basic Settings.

### Display VCA Info. on Stream

Select to display target info and rule on stream, the information will be added to the video stream, and the overlay will be displayed if you get live view or play back by the VS Player.

### **Display Trajectory**

The target's moving path will be shown in live view.

## **Display Target Info. on Alarm Picture**

Select to display the target information on the alarm picture.

#### **Display Rule Info. on Alarm Picture**

Select to display the rule information on the alarm picture.

## **Display Size Info. on Alarm Picture**

Select to display the size information of the target on the alarm picture.

### **Snapshot Settings**

Select to upload the picture to the surveillance center when the VCA alarm occurs. You can also set the quality and resolution of the picture separately.

2. Click Save.

Go to **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Local**, check **Enable** rules to display rules information on the live view.

# 5.3 Calibration

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1 ~	-	IV	O	τе

Not all models support the calibration function, take the actual product for reference.

# 5.3.1 Calibrate Automatically

## **Before You Start**

- Make sure that we have known the actual height of the target person in the scene.
- Make sure there is no moving objects in the view except for the person.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  VCA  $\rightarrow$  Camera Calibration.
- 2. Check Camera Calibration.
- 3. when the person is totally seen in live view, enter the height of person in Target Height.

Note

You can set a maximum of two decimal places.

4. Click to start calibration.



- The auto calibration starts when the person is totally seen in live view, and ends when the person is in the endpoint.
- The endpoint-to-camera distance (m) equals 4 times the lens focal length (mm). E.g, for 7mm lens, the recommended endpoint is 28m (7\*4).
- The person should walk in zigzag path. And two zigzag paths are required. Make sure the walking route covers the left, middle, right of image.
- The auto calibration duration should be no shorter than 10 sec, and no longer than 10 min. The device will stop calibration automatically if the duration is too long.
- If there is moving object such as leave or tree in the scene, you can set the shielded area . Refer to **Set Shielded Region** for detail settings.
- 5. When the person exits, click **t** o stop calibration.

Note

After auto calibration, refer to <u>Verify the Calibration Result</u> to verify if the calibration is successful. Set manual calibration if the auto calibration failed, or the verified result turns bad.

#### Result

After calibration, the height and angle of camera will be shown in live view.

# 5.3.2 Calibrate Manually

#### Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  VCA  $\rightarrow$  Camera Calibration.
- 2. Check Manual Calibration.
- 3. Click **Fig 1**. Click **1** and drag the vertical line until it fits the target.
- 4. Enter the actual length of the calibration line.
- 5. Repeat steps above to set Fig 2, Fig 3, and Fig 4.

iNote

Draw a calibration line in each figure, and the four calibration lines should be evenly distributed in the same horizontal plane from left to right.

In the four figures, the calibrated object doesn't need to be the same. Select a proper object in each figure.

- 6. Optional: Click × to delete the calibration line.
- 7. Click Save.



- Separate 4 vertical lines in the optical-axis direction at the close site, middle and far site respectively.
- Separate 4 vertical lines at the left, middle and right of the image respectively.
- If manual calibration's result is incorrect, select another target to recalibrate.
- After manual calibration, refer to <u>Verify the Calibration Result</u> to verify if the calibration is successful.

#### Result

After calibration, the height and angle of camera will be shown in live view.

# 5.3.3 Verify the Calibration Result

The function can verify whether the calibrated value is consistent with the actual value.

### **Steps**

- 1. Click
- 2. Click , and drag a vertical line in the view.
- 3. Move the line to the target, then click it to caculate the length.

  Compare the calculated line length to the actual length to verify the calibration settings.
- 4. Click + to exit.



Verify not only person, but also other objects appeared in the view. Such as car, street lamp, etc.

# 5.4 Set Rules

The device can detect whether there is any target break the VCA rules. The device will alarm when the VCA rule is triggered.

#### Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  VCA  $\rightarrow$  Rule.
- 2. Click + to add a new rule.
- 3. Enter the rule name, and click the drop down menu to select **Rule Type**.

## **Line Crossing**

If any target moves across the setting line, the alarm will be triggered. You can set the crossing direction.

#### Intrusion

If any target intrudes into the pre-defined region longer than the set duration, the alarm will be triggered.

## **Region Entrance**

If any target enters the pre-defined region, the alarm will be triggered.

## **Region Exiting**

If any target exits the pre-defined region, the alarm will be triggered.

4. Draw the detection rule.

#### Table 5-1

Rule Type	How to Draw and What Parameters to Set
Line Crossing	<ol> <li>Click / to draw a line in the live view.</li> <li>You can drag end points of the line to adjust the position and length.</li> <li>Set the crossing direction. Bidirectional, A-to-B, or B-to-A are selectable.</li> <li>Set Sensitivity. The higher the value is, the easier the target can be detected.</li> </ol>
Intrusion	<ol> <li>Click to draw an area in the live view. Right click the mouse to finish drawing.</li> <li>Set <b>Duration</b>. When a target intrudes into the set area and stays in the area for more than the set duration, the device triggers an intrusion alarm.</li> <li>Set <b>Sensitivity</b>. The higher the value is, the easier the target can be detected.</li> </ol>
Region Entrance and Region Exit	Click $ \bigcirc $ to draw an area in the live view. Right click the mouse to finish drawing.
	Target that enters or exit the set area triggers the region entrance or region exit alarm.

5. Set other parameters for the rule.

## **Detection Target**

You are recommended to select the target as **Human & Vehicle**. In distant view, the device cannot classify the target with pixels less than 10\*10. The target will be recognized as human directly. So the selection of this item will not trigger false alarm or missing alarm.

## **Target Size Filter**

Settings a suitable target size filter helps to increase detection accuracy. There are two ways to set the filter:

- If your device is successfully calibrated, select Filter by Actual Size and the device will filter targets according to the calibration automatically. For the calibration instructions, see Calibration.
- If you fails to calibrate the device, you can use Filter by Pixel. Draw max size and min size
  rectangles to filter the target among human, vehicle, animal, and others. Only the target
  whose size is between the Max. Size and Min. Size value will trigger the alarm.

# **i**Note

- You can draw the max size and min size rectangles according to the real target in the scene. The recommended size is 1.2 times of the target.
- Due to the main difference between human and animal is the height. Just concern the height of animal.
- 6. Optional: Repeat steps above to configure other rules.
- 7. Optional: Click 📋 to copy the same settings to other rules.
- 8. Click Save.
- 9. Optional: you can shield certain areas from being detected. Refer to **Set Shielded Region** for detailed settings.
- 10. <u>Set Arming Schedule</u> and <u>Linkage Method Settings</u> for each rule.

# 5.5 Advanced Configuration

Go to **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **VCA**  $\rightarrow$  **Advanced Configuration** and configure the parameters. Detection Parameters

#### **Single Alarm**

The system only sends alarm once for one target triggering. Otherwise, the alarm will be triggered continuously until the target disappears.

#### **Scene Modes**

The scene mode is set to be **General** or **Distant View** by default. Select **Leaves Interfered View** when there are shaking targets in the scene, such as leaves.

**Restore Parameters** 

#### **Restore Default**

Click **Restore** to restore the parameters to the default.

#### **Restart VCA**

Click **Restart** to restart the VCA function.

# **Chapter 6 Event and Alarm**

This part introduces the configuration of events. The device takes certain response to triggered alarm. Certain events may not be supported by certain device models.

# **6.1 Set Motion Detection**

It helps to detect the moving objects in the detection region and trigger the linkage actions.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Event  $\rightarrow$  Basic Event  $\rightarrow$  Motion Detection.
- 2. Check Enable Motion Detection.
- 3. Optional: Highlight to display the moving object in the image in green.
  - 1) Check Enable Dynamic Analysis for Motion.
  - 2) Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Local.
  - 3) Set Rules to Enable.
- 4. Select **Configuration Mode**, and set rule region and rule parameters.
  - For the information about normal mode, see <u>Normal Mode</u>.
  - For the information about expert mode, see *Expert Mode*.
- Set the arming schedule and linkage methods. For the information about arming schedule settings, see <u>Set Arming Schedule</u>. For the information about linkage methods, see <u>Linkage</u> <u>Method Settings</u>.
- 6. Click Save.

## 6.1.1 Normal Mode

You can set motion detection parameters according to the device default parameters.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Select normal mode in **Configuration**.
- 2. Set the sensitivity of normal mode. The higher the value of sensitivity is, the more sensitive the motion detection is. If the sensitivity is set to *0*, motion detection and dynamic analysis do not take effect.
- 3. Click **Draw Area**. Click and drag the mouse on the live video, then release the mouse to finfish drawing one area.



Figure 6-1 Set Rules

**Stop Drawing** Stop drawing one area.

Clear All Clear all the areas.

4. Optional: You can set the parameters of multiple areas by repeating the above steps.

# 6.1.2 Expert Mode

You can configure the motion detection parameters of day/night switch according to the actual needs.

## **Steps**

- 1. Select expert mode in **Configuration**.
- 2. Set parameters of expert mode.

## **Day/Night Switch**

OFF: Day/Night switch is disabled.

Day/Night Auto-Switch: The system switches day/night mode automatically according to environment. It displays colored image at day and black and white image at night. Day/Night Scheduled-Switch: The system switches day/night mode according to the schedule. It switches to day mode during the set periods and switches to night mode during the other periods.



This function is not supported in the expert mode of thermal channel.

## Sensitivity

The higher the value of sensitivity is, the more sensitive the motion detection is. If the sensitivity is set to **0**, motion detection and dynamic analysis do not take effect.

3. Select an **Area** and click **Draw Area**. Click and drag the mouse on the live video, then release the mouse to finish drawing one area.



Figure 6-2 Set Rules

**Stop Drawing** Finish drawing one area.

**Clear All** Delete all the areas.

4. Optional: Repeat the above steps to set multiple areas.

# **6.2 Set Video Tampering Alarm**

When the configured area is covered and cannot be monitored normally, the alarm is triggered and the device takes certain alarm response actions.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Event  $\rightarrow$  Basic Event  $\rightarrow$  Video Tampering.
- 2. Check Enable.
- 3. Set the **Sensitivity**. The higher the value is, the easier to detect the area covering.
- 4. Click **Draw Area** and drag the mouse in the live view to draw the area.

**Stop Drawing** Finish drawing.

Clear All Delete all the drawn areas.

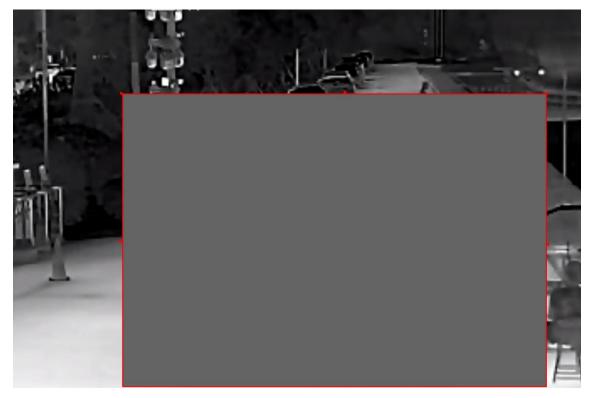


Figure 6-3 Set Video Tampering Area

- 5. Refer to <u>Set Arming Schedule</u> for setting scheduled time. Refer to <u>Linkage Method Settings</u> for setting linkage method.
- 6. Click Save.

# 6.3 Set Alarm Input

Alarm signal from the external device triggers the corresponding actions of the current device.

#### **Before You Start**

Make sure the external alarm device is connected. See *Quick Start Guide* for cables connection.

#### Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Event  $\rightarrow$  Basic Event  $\rightarrow$  Alarm Input.
- 2. Check Enable Alarm Input Handing.
- 3. Select **Alarm Input NO.** and **Alarm Type** from the dropdown list. Edit the **Alarm Name**.
- 4. Refer to <u>Set Arming Schedule</u> for setting scheduled time. Refer to <u>Linkage Method Settings</u> for setting linkage method.
- 5. Click **Copy to...** to copy the settings to other alarm input channels.
- 6. Click Save.

# 6.4 Set Exception Alarm

Exception such as network disconnection can trigger the device to take corresponding action.

## Steps

1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Event  $\rightarrow$  Basic Event  $\rightarrow$  Exception.

2. Select **Exception Type**.

**HDD Full** The HDD storage is full.

**HDD Error** Error occurs in HDD.

**Network** The device is offline.

Disconnected

**IP Address Conflicted** The IP address of current device is same as that of other device in the

network.

**Illegal Login** Incorrect user name or password is entered.

3. Refer to Linkage Method Settings for setting linkage method.

4. Click Save.

# **6.5 Detect Audio Exception**

Audio exception detection function detects the abnormal sound in the scene, such as the sudden increase/decrease of the sound intensity, and some certain actions can be taken as response.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Event  $\rightarrow$  Smart Event  $\rightarrow$  Audio Exception Detection.
- 2. Select one or several audio exception detection types.

## **Audio Loss Detection**

Detect sudden loss of audio track.

## **Sudden Increase of Sound Intensity Detection**

Detect sudden increase of sound intensity. **Sensitivity** and **Sound Intensity Threshold** are configurable.



- The lower the sensitivity is, the more significant the change should be to trigger the detection.
- The sound intensity threshold refers to the sound intensity reference for the detection. It is recommended to set as the average sound intensity in the environment. The louder the environment sound, the higher the value should be. You can adjust it according to the real environment.

## **Sudden Decrease of Sound Intensity Detection**

Detect sudden decrease of sound intensity. **Sensitivity** is configurable.

- 3. Refer to <u>Set Arming Schedule</u> for setting scheduled time. Refer to <u>Linkage Method Settings</u> for setting linkage methods.
- 4. Click Save.

Note
The function varies according to different models.

# **Chapter 7 Arming Schedule and Alarm Linkage**

Arming schedule is a customized time period in which the device performs certain tasks. Alarm linkage is the response to the detected certain incident or target during the scheduled time.

# 7.1 Set Arming Schedule

Set the valid time of the device tasks.

## **Steps**

- 1. Click Arming Schedule.
- 2. Drag the time bar to draw desired valid time.

Note

Up to 8 periods can be configured for one day.

- 3. Adjust the time period.
  - Click on the selected time period, and enter the desired value. Click **Save**.
  - Click on the selected time period. Drag the both ends to adjust the time period.
  - Click on the selected time period, and drag it on the time bar.
- 4. Optional: Click Copy to... to copy the same settings to other days.
- 5. Click **Save**.

# 7.2 Linkage Method Settings

You can enable the linkage functions when an event or alarm occurs.

# 7.2.1 Trigger Alarm Output

If the device has been connected to an alarm output device, and the alarm output No. has been configured, the device sends alarm information to the connected alarm output device when an alarm is triggered.

#### Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Event  $\rightarrow$  Basic Event  $\rightarrow$  Alarm Output.
- 2. Set alarm output parameters.

**Automatic Alarm** For the information about the configuration, see <u>Automatic Alarm</u>.

**Manual Alarm** For the information about the configuration, see <u>Manual Alarm</u>.

3. Click Save.

## **Manual Alarm**

You can trigger an alarm output manually.

## **Steps**

1. Set the manual alarm parameters.

## **Alarm Output No.**

Select the alarm output No. according to the alarm interface connected to the external alarm device.

#### **Alarm Name**

Edit a name for the alarm output.

## Delay

Select Manual.

- 2. Click Manual Alarm to enable manual alarm output.
- 3. Optional: Click Clear Alarm to disable manual alarm output.

## **Automatic Alarm**

Set the automatic alarm parameters, then the device triggers an alarm output automatically in the set arming schedule.

## Steps

1. Set automatic alarm parameters.

## Alarm Output No.

Select the alarm output No. according to the alarm interface connected to the external alarm device.

## **Alarm Name**

Custom a name for the alarm output.

## Delay

It refers to the time duration that the alarm output remains after an alarm occurs.

- 2. Set the alarming schedule. For the information about the settings, see **Set Arming Schedule**.
- 3. Click **Copy to...** to copy the parameters to other alarm output channels.
- 4. Click **Save**.

# 7.2.2 FTP/NAS/Memory Card Uploading

If you have enabled and configured the FTP/NAS/memory card uploading, the device sends the alarm information to the FTP server, network attached storage and memory card when an alarm is triggered.

Refer to **Set FTP** to set the FTP server.

Refer to **Set NAS** for NAS configuration.

Refer to **Set Memory Card** for memory card storage configuration.

## 7.2.3 Send Email

Check **Send Email**, and the device sends an email to the designated addresses with alarm information when an alarm event is detected.

For email settings, refer to **Set Email**.

## **Set Email**

When the email is configured and **Send Email** is enabled as a linkage method, the device sends an email notification to all designated receivers if an alarm event is detected.

#### **Before You Start**

Set the DNS server before using the Email function. Go to **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Network**  $\rightarrow$  **Basic Settings**  $\rightarrow$  **TCP/IP** for DNS settings.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to email settings page: Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Network  $\rightarrow$  Advanced Settings  $\rightarrow$  Email.
- 2. Set email parameters.
  - 1) Input the sender's email information, including the **Sender's Address**, **SMTP Server**, and **SMTP Port**.
  - 2) Optional: If your email server requires authentication, check **Authentication** and input your user name and password to log in to the server.
  - 3) Set the E-mail Encryption.
    - When you select **SSL** or **TLS**, and disable STARTTLS, emails are sent after encrypted by SSL or TLS. The SMTP port should be set as 465.
    - When you select SSL or TLS and Enable STARTTLS, emails are sent after encrypted by STARTTLS, and the SMTP port should be set as 25.



If you want to use STARTTLS, make sure that the protocol is supported by your email server. If you check the **Enable STARTTLS** while the protocol is not supported by your email sever, your email is sent with no encryption.

- 4) Optional: If you want to receive notification with alarm pictures, check **Attached Image**. The notification email has 3 attached alarm pictures about the event with configurable image capturing interval.
- 5) Configure Alarm E-mail Attachment Settings.

## **Image**

Select the number of captures of the corresponding channel.

- 0: It will not upload the image of the seletced channel.
- 1: It will only upload the image captured when the alarm is triggered.
- 3: It will upload the images captured about 1 s before and after the alarm is triggered, as

well as the image captured when the alarm is triggered.

## Video

Select the video channel and video duration as required.

- 0 s: It will not upload the video of the seletced channel.
- 3 s: Upload the video that is recorded about 1 s before and 2 s after the alarm is triggered.
- 5 s: Upload the video that is recorded about 2 s before and 3 s after the alarm is triggered.
- 7 s: Upload the video that is recorded about 2 s before and 5 s after the alarm is triggered.
- 6) Input the receiver's information, including the receiver's name and address.
- 7) Click **Test** to see if the function is well configured.
- 3. Click Save.

## 7.2.4 Notify Surveillance Center

Check **Notify Surveillance Center**, the alarm information is uploaded to the surveillance center when an alarm event is detected.

# 7.2.5 Trigger Recording

Check **Trigger Recording**, and the device records the video about the detected alarm event. For recording settings, refer to *Video Recording and Picture Capture*.

# 7.2.6 Set Audible Alarm Output

When the device detects targets in the detection area, audible alarm can be triggered as a warning.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Event  $\rightarrow$  Basic Event  $\rightarrow$  Audible Alarm Output.
- 2. Select an **Alarm Type**.
- 3. Select **Sound Type** and set related parameters.
  - Select Warning and its contents. Set the alarm times you need.
  - Select Custom Audio. You can select a custom audio file from the drop-down list. If no file is available, you can click Add to upload an audio file that meets the requirement. Up to six audio files can be uploaded, and each audio file shall not exceed 512 KB.
- 4. Optional: Click **Test** to play the selected audio file on the device.
- 5. Set arming schedule for audible alarm. See **Set Arming Schedule** for details.
- 6. Click **Save**.

The function is only supported by certain device models.

# 7.2.7 Set Flashing Alarm Light Output

## **Steps**

1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Event  $\rightarrow$  Basic Event  $\rightarrow$  Flashing Alarm Light Output.

2. Select a White Light Mode.

Mode	Description	
Flashing	Alarm triggers the light to flash for a certain duration. Set the flashing speed in <b>Flashing Frequency</b> .	
Solid	Alarm triggers the light to turn on for a certain duration.	

3. Set the light action duration and the brightness.

## **Flashing Duration**

The time period of light on or light flashing when one alarm happens.

## **Brightness**

The brightness of the light.

- 4. Edit the arming schedule.
- 5. Click Save.

Note
Only certain camera models support the function.

# **Chapter 8 Live View**

It introduces the live view parameters, function icons and transmission parameters settings.

## 8.1 Live View Parameters

The supported functions vary depending on the model.

## **8.1.1 Window Proportion**

- III refers to the window size is 16:9.
- Is refers to the window size is 4:3.
- IX refers to original window size.
- 🖪 refers to self-adaptive window size.

# 8.1.2 Live View Stream Type

Select the live view stream type according to your needs. For the detailed information about the stream type selection, refer to **Stream Type**.

## 8.1.3 Start Digital Zoom

It helps to see a detailed information of any region in the image.

#### Steps

- 1. Click (4) to enable the digital zoom.
- 2. In live view image, drag the mouse to select the desired region.
- 3. Click in the live view image to back to the original image.

## 8.1.4 Quick Set Live View

It offers a quick setup of PTZ, display settings, OSD, video/audio and VCA resource settings on live view page.

## Steps

- 1. Click to show quick setup page.
- 2. Set PTZ, display settings, OSD, video/audio and VCA resource parameters.
  - For PTZ settings, see Lens Parameters Adjustment.
  - For display settings, see Display Settings.
  - For OSD settings, see OSD.
  - For audio and video settings, see <u>Video and Audio</u>.

For VCA settings, see <u>Fire Source Detection</u>, <u>Temperature Measurement</u>, and <u>Perimeter</u>
 Protection.

iNote

The function is only supported by certain models.

# 8.1.5 Lens Parameters Adjustment

It is used to adjust the lens focus, zoom and iris.

## Zoom

- Click a, and the lens zooms in.
- Click , and the lens zooms out.

## **Focus**

- Click 🗗 , then the lens focuses far and the distant object gets clear.
- Click 🗗 , then the lens focuses near and the nearby object gets clear.

## **PTZ Speed**

Slide to adjust the speed of the pan/tilt movement.

#### Iris

- When the image is too dark, click to enlarge the iris.
- When the image is too bright, click to stop down the iris.

# 8.1.6 Light

Click \*to turn on or turn off the illuminator.

# 8.1.7 Operate Wiper

For the device that has a wiper, you can control the wiper via web browser.

## Steps

- 1. Go to wiper setting page: **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **PTZ**  $\rightarrow$  **Wiper**.
- 2. Select a wiper mode.

One Time The wiper wipes one time when you click P on live view page.

Cycle The wiper works on schedule at set wiping interval. Click on live

view to start wiping.

uration

The schedule in which the wiper is ready to work.

# The interval between two secessive wiping actions. Auto Note Auto mode is only available for device that supports rain-sensing auto wiper.

In auto mode, the wiper works when rain drops on the window.

## 8.1.8 Lens Initialization

Lens initialization is used on the device equipped with motorized lens. The function can reset lens when long time zoom or focus results in blurred image. This function varies according to different models.

Click **1** to operate lens initialization.

# 8.1.9 Auxiliary Focus

Click to realize automatic focus. This function is subject to the actual device model.

## 8.2 Set Transmission Parameters

The live view image may be displayed abnormally according to the network conditions. In different network environments, you can adjust the transmission parameters to solve the problem.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Local**.
- 2. Set the transmission parameters as required.

#### **Protocol**

#### **TCP**

TCP ensures complete delivery of streaming data and better video quality, yet the real-time transmission will be affected. It is suitable for the stable network environment.

#### **UDP**

UDP is suitable for the unstable network environment that does not demand high video fluency.

## **MULTICAST**

MULTICAST is suitable for the situation that there are multiple clients. You should set the

multicast address for them before selection.

## **HTTP**

HTTP is suitable for the situation that the third-party needs to get the stream from the device.

## **Play Performance**

## **Shortest Delay**

The device takes the real-time video image as the priority over the video fluency.

## **Balanced**

The device ensures both the real-time video image and the fluency.

## **Fluent**

The device takes the video fluency as the priority over teal-time. In poor network environment, the device cannot ensures video fluency even the fluency is enabled.

## 3. Click OK.

# **Chapter 9 Video and Audio**

This part introduces the configuration of video and audio related parameters.

# 9.1 Video Settings

This part introduces the settings of video parameters, such as, stream type, video encoding, and resolution.

Go to setting page: **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Video/Audio**  $\rightarrow$  **Video**.

## 9.1.1 Stream Type

For device supports more than one stream, you can specify parameters for each stream type.

#### **Main Stream**

The stream stands for the best stream performance the device supports. It usually offers the best resolution and frame rate the device can do. But high resolution and frame rate usually mean larger storage space and higher bandwidth requirements in transmission.

## **Sub Stream**

The stream usually offers comparatively low resolution options, which consumes less bandwidth and storage space.

# 9.1.2 Video Type

Select the content (video and audio) that should be contained in the stream.

## Video

Only video content is contained in the stream.

#### Video & Audio

Video content and audio content are contained in the composite stream.

## 9.1.3 Resolution

Select video resolution according to actual needs. Higher resolution requires higher bandwidth and storage.

# 9.1.4 Bitrate Type and Max. Bitrate

#### **Constant Bitrate**

It means that the stream is compressed and transmitted at a comparatively fixed bitrate. The compression speed is fast, but mosaic may occur on the image.

## **Variable Bitrate**

It means that the device automatically adjust the bitrate under the set **Max. Bitrate**. The compression speed is slower than that of the constant bitrate. But it guarantees the image quality of complex scenes.

# 9.1.5 Video Quality

When **Bitrate Type** is set as Variable, video quality is configurable. Select a video quality according to actual needs. Note that higher video quality requires higher bandwidth.

## 9.1.6 Frame Rate

The frame rate is to describe the frequency at which the video stream is updated and it is measured by frames per second (fps).

A higher frame rate is advantageous when there is movement in the video stream, as it maintains image quality throughout. Note that higher frame rate requires higher bandwidth and larger storage space.

# 9.1.7 Video Encoding

It stands for the compression standard the device adopts for video encoding.

iNote

Available compression standards vary according to device models.

## H.264

H.264, also known as MPEG-4 Part 10, Advanced Video Coding, is a compression standard. Without compressing image quality, it increases compression ratio and reduces the size of video file than MJPEG or MPEG-4 Part 2.

## H.265

H.265, also known as High Efficiency Video Coding (HEVC) and MPEG-H Part 2, is a compression standard. In comparison to H.264, it offers better video compression at the same resolution, frame rate and image quality.

#### **MJPEG**

Motion JPEG (M-JPEG or MJPEG) is a video compression format in which intraframe coding

technology is used. Images in a MJPEG format is compressed as individual JPEG images.

## **Profile**

This function means that under the same bitrate, the more complex the profile is, the higher the quality of the image is, and the requirement for network bandwidth is also higher.

## **I-Frame Interval**

I-frame interval defines the number of frames between 2 I-frames.

In H.264 and H.265, an I-frame, or intra frame, is a self-contained frame that can be independently decoded without any reference to other images. An I-frame consumes more bits than other frames. Thus, video with more I-frames, in other words, smaller I-frame interval, generates more steady and reliable data bits while requiring more storage space.

## **SVC**

Scalable Video Coding (SVC) is the name for the Annex G extension of the H.264 or H.265 video compression standard.

The objective of the SVC standardization has been to enable the encoding of a high-quality video bitstream that contains one or more subset bitstreams that can themselves be decoded with a complexity and reconstruction quality similar to that achieved using the existing H.264 or H.265 design with the same quantity of data as in the subset bitstream. The subset bitstream is derived by dropping packets from the larger bitstream.

SVC enables forward compatibility for older hardware: the same bitstream can be consumed by basic hardware which can only decode a low-resolution subset, while more advanced hardware will be able decode high quality video stream.

# 9.1.8 Smoothing

It refers to the smoothness of the stream. The higher value of the smoothing is, the better fluency of the stream will be, though, the video quality may not be so satisfactory. The lower value of the smoothing is, the higher quality of the stream will be, though it may appear not fluent.

# 9.1.9 Display VCA Info

VCA information can be displayed by Player and Video.

## Player

Player means the VCA info can be displayed by the dedicated player provided by the manufacturer.

#### Video

Video means the VCA info can be displayed by any general video player.

# 9.1.10 Audio Settings

It is a function to set audio parameters such as audio encoding, environment noise filtering. Go to the audio settings page: **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Video/Audio**  $\rightarrow$  **Audio**.

## **Audio Encoding**

Select the audio encoding compression of the audio.

## **Audio Input**



- Connect the audio input device as required.
- The audio input display varies with the device models.

LineIn	Set <b>Audio Input</b> to <b>LineIn</b> when the device connects to the audio input device with the high output power, such as MP3, synthesizer or active pickup.
MicIn	Set <b>Audio Input</b> to <b>MicIn</b> when the device connects to the audio input device with the low output power, such as microphone or passive pickup.

## **Environmental Noise Filter**

Set it as OFF or ON. When the function is enabled, the noise in the environment can be filtered to some extent.

# 9.1.11 Two-way Audio

It is used to realize the two-way audio function between the monitoring center and the target in the monitoring screen.

## **Before You Start**

- Make sure the audio input device (pick-up or microphone) and audio output device (speaker)
  connected to the device is working properly. Refer to specifications of audio input and output
  devices for device connection.
- If the device has built-in microphone and speaker, two-way audio function can be enabled directly.

## Steps

- 1. Click Live View.
- 2. Click on the toolbar to enable two-way audio function of the camera.

3. Click \( \frac{1}{2} \), disable the two-way audio function.

## 9.1.12 Set ROI

ROI (Region of Interest) encoding helps to assign more encoding resource to the region of interest, thus to increase the quality of the ROI whereas the background information is less focused.

#### **Before You Start**

Please check the video coding type. ROI is supported when the video coding type is H.264 or H.265.

## Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Video/Audio  $\rightarrow$  ROI.
- 2. Check Enable.
- 3. Select Stream Type.
- 4. Select Region No. in Fixed Region to draw ROI region.
  - 1) Click Draw Area.
  - 2) Click and drag the mouse on the view screen to draw the fixed region.
  - 3) Click Stop Drawing.



Select the fixed region that needs to be adjusted and drag the mouse to adjust its position.

- 5. Input the **Region Name** and **ROI Level**.
- 6. Click Save.



The higher the ROI level is, the clearer the image of the detected region is.

7. Optional: Select other region No. and repeat the above steps if you need to draw multiple fixed regions.

# 9.2 Display Settings

It offers the parameter settings to adjust image features.

Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Image  $\rightarrow$  Display Settings.

Click **Default** to restore settings.

# 9.2.1 Image Adjustment (Thermal Channel)

You can optimize the image display effect of thermal channel by manual correction.

## **Manual Correction**

Click **Correct** to optimize the image once.



It is a normal phenomenon that short video freezing might occur during the process of **Manual Correction**.

## **Thermal AGC Mode**

Choose the AGC mode according to different scenes to balance and improve the image quality.

- Histogram: Choose for scene with obvious WDR and high temperature difference, can improve image contrast and enhance image. E.g. the scene contains both indoor and outdoor scenes.
- Linear: Choose for scene with low temperature difference and the target is not obvious, can improve image contrast and enhance image. E.g. the bird in forest.
- Self-Adaptive: Choose AGC mode automatically according to current scene.

## 9.2.2 DNR

Digital Noise Reduction is used to reduce the image noise and improve the image quality. **Normal** and **Expert** modes are selectable.

#### Normal

Set the DNR level to control the noise reduction degree. The higher level means stronger reduction degree.

## **Expert**

Set the DNR level for both space DNR and time DNR to control the noise reduction degree. The higher level means stronger reduction degree.

## **OFF**

Disable the DNR function.

## 9.2.3 Set Palette

You can select the palette mode to display the thermal grayscale image to colored image.

## Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Image  $\rightarrow$  Display Settings.
- 2. Select a palette mode in **Image Enhancement** according to your need.

## Result

The live view displays the image with palette.

# 9.2.4 Set Target Color

You can set the color of the targets in different temperature ranges to identify the target quickly.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Image  $\rightarrow$  Display Settings.
- 2. Click Image Enhancement, select Palette as White Hot or Black Hot.
- Set the temperature value and color of High Temperature, Interval Temperature, or Low Temperature targets.

## Above (be colored)

When the target of high temperature needs to be colored, you can set the high temperature color. Target above the setting temperature will be displayed in setting color.

## Between (be colored)

When the target of an interval temperature needs to be colored, you can set the interval temperature color. Target between the minimum and the maximum temperatures will be displayed in setting color.

## Below (be colored)

When the target of low temperature needs to be colored, you can set the low temperature color. Target below the setting temperature will be displayed in setting color.

4. Click Save.

## 9.2.5 DDE

Digital Detail Enhancement is used to adjust the details of the image. **OFF** and **Normal** modes are selectable.

## OFF

Disable this function.

#### **Normal**

Set the DDE level to control the details of the image. The higher the level is, the more details shows, but the higher the noise is.

# 9.2.6 Brightness Sudden Change

When the brightness of target and the background is hugely different (the temperature difference of target and background is huge), the system reduces the difference for viewing.

# 9.2.7 Enhance Regional Image

You can select the desired area of image to improve the coding quality. The regional image will be

more detailed and clear.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Image  $\rightarrow$  Display Settings  $\rightarrow$  Image Enhancement.
- 2. Select the area of regional image enhancement. You can select **OFF** to disable this function, or select **Custom Area** to draw a desired area.

A red rectangle shows on the display, in which the image quality is improved.

## 9.2.8 Mirror

When the live view image is the reverse of the actual scene, this function helps to display the image normally.

Select the mirror mode as needed.



The video recording will be shortly interrupted when the function is enabled.

## 9.2.9 Video Standard

Video standard is an ability of a video card or video display device that defines the amount of colors that are shown and the resolution. The two most common video standard used are NTSC and PAL. In NTSC, 30 frames are transmitted each second. Each frame is made up of 525 individual scan lines. In PAL, 25 frames are transmitted each second. Each frame is made up of 625 individual scan lines. Select video signal standard according to the video system in your country/region.

# 9.2.10 Digital Zoom

You can zoom in the image. The larger the zoom size is, the more blurred the image is.

## 9.2.11 Scene Mode

There are several sets of image parameters predefined for different installation environments. Select a scene according to the actual installation environment to speed up the display settings.

## 9.3 OSD

You can customize OSD (On-screen Display) information such as device name, time/date, font, color, and text overlay displayed on video stream.

Go to OSD setting page: Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Image  $\rightarrow$  OSD Settings. Set the corresponding parameters, and click Save to take effect.

## **Character Set**

Select character set for displayed information. If Korean is required to displayed on screen, select **EUC-KR**. Otherwise, select **GBK**.

## **Displayed Information**

Set camera name, date, week, and their related display format.

## **Text Overlay**

Set customized overlay text on image.

## **OSD Parameters**

Set OSD parameters, such as **Display Mode**, **OSD Size**, **Font Color**, and **Alignment**.

# 9.4 Set Privacy Mask

The function blocks certain areas in the live view to protect privacy. No matter how the device moves, the blocked scene will never be seen.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to privacy mask setting page: **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Image**  $\rightarrow$  **Privacy Mask**.
- 2. Check Enable Privacy Mask.
- 3. Click **Draw Area**. Drag the mouse in the live view to draw a closed area.

Drag the corners of

Adjust the size of the area.

the area

**Drag the area** Adjust the position of the area.

Click Clear All Clear all the areas you set.

- 4. Click Stop Drawing.
- 5. Click Save.



Up to 4 areas are supported for setting.

# 9.5 Overlay Picture

Overlay a customized picture on live view.

## **Before You Start**

The picture to overlay has to be in BMP format with 24-bit, and the maximum picture size is  $128 \times 128$  pixel.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to picture overlay setting page: **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Image**  $\rightarrow$  **Picture Overlay**.
- 2. Click **Browse** to select a picture, and click **Upload**.

  The picture with a red rectangle will appear in live view after successfully uploading.
- 3. Check Enable Picture Overlay.
- 4. Drag the picture to adjust its position.
- 5. Click Save.

# 9.6 Set Manual DPC (Defective Pixel Correction)

If the amount of defective pixels in the image is comparatively small and accurate correction is needed, you can correct these pixels manually.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Image**  $\rightarrow$  **DPC**.
- 2. Select manual mode.
- 3. Click the defective pixel on the image, then a cursor shows on the live view.
- 4. Click **Up**, **Down**, **Left**, **Right** to adjust the cursor position to the defective pixel position.
- 5. Click ♠, then click ⊚ to correct defective pixel.



If multiple defective pixels need to be corrected, click after locating a defective pixel. Then after locating other pixels, click to correct them simultaneously.

6. Optional: Click 😊 to cancel defective pixel correction.

# **Chapter 10 Video Recording and Picture Capture**

This part introduces the operations of capturing video clips and snapshots, playback, and downloading captured files.

# 10.1 Storage Settings

This part introduces the configuration of several common storage paths.

# 10.1.1 Set Memory Card

If you choose to store the files to memory card, make sure you insert and format the memory card in advance.

#### **Before You Start**

Insert the memory card to the camera. For detailed installation, refer to *Quick Start Guide* of the camera.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to storage management setting page: **Configuration** → **Storage** → **Storage Management** → **HDD Management**.
- 2. Select the memory card, and click **Format** to start initializing the memory card.

  The **Status** of memory card turns to **Normal** from **Uninitialized**, which means the memory card can be used normally.
- 3. Optional: Define the **Quota** of the memory card. Input the quota percentage for different contents according to your need.
- 4. Click Save.

## 10.1.2 Set NAS

Take network server as network disk to store the record files, captured images, etc.

## **Before You Start**

Get the IP address of the network disk first.

## Steps

- 1. Go to NAS setting page: Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Storage  $\rightarrow$  Storage Management  $\rightarrow$  Net HDD.
- 2. Click **HDD No.**. Enter the server address and file path for the disk.

## **Server Address**

The IP address of the network disk.

### **File Path**

The saving path of network disk files.

## **Mounting Type**

Select file system protocol according to the operation system.

Enter user name and password of the net HDD to guarantee the security if **SMB/CIFS** is selected

- 3. Click **Test** to check whether the network disk is available.
- 4. Click Save.

## 10.1.3 Set FTP

You can configure the FTP server to save images which are captured by events or a timed snapshot task.

#### **Before You Start**

Get the FTP server address first.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Network  $\rightarrow$  Advanced Settings  $\rightarrow$  FTP.
- 2. Configure FTP settings.

## **FTP Protocol**

FTP and SFTP are selectable. The files uploading is encrypted by using SFTP protocol.

#### **Server Address and Port**

The FTP server address and corresponding port.

## **User Name and Password**

The FTP user should have the permission to upload pictures.

If the FTP server supports picture uploading by anonymous users, you can check **Anonymous** to hide your device information during uploading.



If SFTP is used, logging into the FTP server anonymously is now allowed.

## **Directory Structure**

The saving path of snapshots in the FTP server.

- 3. Click **Upload Picture** or **Upload Video** to enable uploading snapshots or videos to the FTP server.
- 4. Click **Test** to verify the FTP server.
- 5. Click Save.

# 10.1.4 Set Cloud Storage

It helps to upload the captured pictures and data to the cloud. The platform requests picture

directly from the cloud for picture and analysis. The function is only supported by certain models.

## Steps



If the cloud storage is enabled, the pictures are stored in the cloud video manager firstly.

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Storage  $\rightarrow$  Storage Management  $\rightarrow$  Cloud Storage.
- 2. Check **Enable Cloud Storage**.
- 3. Set basic parameters.

**Protocol Version** The protocol version of the cloud video manager.

**Server IP** The IP address of the cloud video manager. It supports IPv4 address.

**Serve Port** The port of the cloud video manager. You are recommended to use

the default port.

**AccessKey** The key to log in to the cloud video manager.

**SecretKey** The key to encrypt the data stored in the cloud video manager.

**User Name and** 

**Password** 

The user name and password of the cloud video manager.

**Picture Storage Pool** 

ID

The ID of the picture storage region in the cloud video manager. Make sure storage pool ID and the storage region ID are the same.

- 4. Click **Test** to test the configured settings.
- 5. Click Save.

# 10.2 Video Recording

This part introduces the operations of manual and scheduled recording, playback, and downloading recorded files.

# 10.2.1 Record Automatically

This function can record video automatically during configured time periods.

#### **Before You Start**

Select **Trigger Recording** in event settings for each record type except **Continuous**. See **Event and Alarm** for details.

## **Steps**

Note

The function varies according to different models.

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Storage  $\rightarrow$  Schedule Settings  $\rightarrow$  Record Schedule.
- 2. Check Enable.
- 3. Select a record type.

iNote

The record type is vary according to different models.

## **Continuous**

The video will be recorded continuously according to the schedule.

#### Motion

When motion detection is enabled and trigger recording is selected as linkage method, object movement is recorded.

## **Alarm**

When alarm input is enabled and trigger recording is selected as linkage method, the video is recorded after receiving alarm signal from external alarm input device.

## Motion | Alarm

Video is recorded when motion is detected or alarm signal is received from the external alarm input device.

## **Motion & Alarm**

Video is recorded only when motion is detected and alarm signal is received from the external alarm input device.

## **Event**

The video is recorded when configured event is detected.

- 4. Set schedule for the selected record type. Refer to **Set Arming Schedule** for the setting operation.
- 5. Click **Advanced** to set the advanced settings.

## **Overwrite**

Enable **Overwrite** to overwrite the video records when the storage space is full. Otherwise the camera cannot record new videos.

## Pre-record

The time period you set to record before the scheduled time.

## Post-record

The time period you set to stop recording after the scheduled time.



Select the stream type for recording.



When you select the stream type with higher bitrate, the actual time of the pre-record and post-record may be less than the set value.

## **Recording Expiration**

The recordings are deleted when they exceed the expired time. The expired time is configurable. Note that once the recordings are deleted, they can not be recovered.

6. Click Save.

# 10.2.2 Record Manually

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Local**.
- 2. Set the Record File Size and saving path to for recorded files.
- 3. Click Save.
- 4. Click for to start recording. Click for to stop recording.

## 10.2.3 Playback and Download Video

You can search, playback and download the videos stored in the local storage or network storage.

## **Steps**

- 1. Click Playback.
- 2. Set search condition and click Search.

The matched video files showed on the timing bar.

- 3. Click to play the video files.
  - Click \* to clip video files.
  - Click 📅 to play video files in full screen. Press **ESC** to exit full screen.



Go to **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Local**, click **Save clips to** to change the saving path of clipped video files.

- 4. Click **\Delta** on the playback interface to download files.
  - 1) Set search condition and click Search.
  - 2) Select the video files and then click **Download**.



Go to **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Local**, click **Save downloaded files to** to change the saving path of downloaded video files.

# **10.3 Capture Configuration**

The device can capture the pictures manually or automatically and save them in configured saving path. You can view and download the snapshots.

# 10.3.1 Capture Automatically

This function can capture pictures automatically during configured time periods.

## **Before You Start**

If event-triggered capture is required, you should configure related linkage methods in event settings. Refer to *Event and Alarm* for event settings.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Storage  $\rightarrow$  Schedule Settings  $\rightarrow$  Capture  $\rightarrow$  Capture Parameters.
- 2. Set the capture type.

## **Timing**

Capture a picture at the configured time interval.

## **Event-Triggered**

Capture a picture when an event is triggered.

- 3. Set the Format, Resolution, Quality, Interval, and Capture Number.
- 4. Refer to **Set Arming Schedule** for configuring schedule time.
- 5. Click Save.

# 10.3.2 Capture Manually

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Local**.
- 2. Set the **Image Format** and saving path to for snapshots.

## JPEG

The picture size of this format is comparatively small, which is better for network transmission.

## **BMP**

The picture is compressed with good quality.

- 3. Click Save.
- 4. Click near the live view or play back window to capture a picture manually.

# **10.3.3** View and Download Picture

You can search, view and download the pictures stored in the local storage or network storage.

## Steps

- 1. Click **Picture**.
- 2. Set search condition and click **Search**. The matched pictures showed in the file list.
- 3. Select the pictures then click **Download** to download them.



Go to **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Local**, click **Save snapshots when playback** to change the saving path of pictures.

# **Chapter 11 Network Settings**

# 11.1 TCP/IP

TCP/IP settings must be properly configured before you operate the device over network. IPv4 and IPv6 are both supported. Both versions can be configured simultaneously without conflicting to each other.

Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Basic Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Network  $\rightarrow$  TCP/IP for parameter settings.

## **NIC Type**

Select a NIC (Network Interface Card) type according to your network condition.

#### IPv4

Two IPv4 modes are available.

#### **DHCP**

The device automatically gets the IPv4 parameters from the network if you check **DHCP**. The device IP address is changed after enabling the function. You can use SADP to get the device IP address.



The network that the device is connected to should support DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol).

#### Manual

You can set the device IPv4 parameters manually. Input IPv4 Address, IPv4 Subnet Mask, and IPv4 Default Gateway, and click Test to see if the IP address is available.

## IPv6

Three IPv6 modes are available.

## **Route Advertisement**

The IPv6 address is generated by combining the route advertisement and the device Mac address.



Route advertisement mode requires the support from the router that the device is connected to.

## **DHCP**

The IPv6 address is assigned by the server, router or gateway.

## Manual

Input **IPv6 Address**, **IPv6 Subnet**, **IPv6 Default Gateway**. Consult the network administrator for required information.

#### MTU

It stands for maximum transmission unit. It is the size of the largest protocol data unit that can be communicated in a single network layer transaction.

The valid value range of MTU is 1280 to 1500.

## **DNS**

It stands for domain name server. It is required if you need to visit the device with domain name. And it is also required for some applications (e.g., sending email). Set **Preferred DNS Server** and **Alternate DNS server** properly if needed.

## 11.1.1 Multicast Discovery

Check the **Enable Multicast Discovery**, and then the online network camera can be automatically detected by client software via private multicast protocol in the LAN.

## **11.2 Port**

The device port can be modified when the device cannot access the network due to port conflicts.



Do not modify the default port parameters at will, otherwise the device may be inaccessible.

Go to **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Network**  $\rightarrow$  **Basic Settings**  $\rightarrow$  **Port** for port settings.

## **HTTP Port**

It refers to the port through which the browser accesses the device. For example, when the **HTTP Port** is modified to 81, you need to enter *http://192.168.1.64:81* in the browser for login.

#### **HTTPS Port**

It refers to the port through which the browser accesses the device with certificate. Certificate verification is required to ensure the secure access.

#### **RTSP Port**

It refers to the port of real-time streaming protocol.

## **SRTP Port**

It refers to the port of secure real-time transport protocol.

## **Server Port**

It refers to the port through which the client adds the device.

#### **Enhanced SDK Service Port**

It refers to the port through which the client adds the device. Certificate verification is required

to ensure the secure access.

#### WebSocket Port

TCP-based full-duplex communication protocol port for plug-in free preview.

#### WebSockets Port

TCP-based full-duplex communication protocol port for plug-in free preview. Certificate verification is required to ensure the secure access.

Note

- Enhanced SDK Service Port, WebSocket Port, and WebSockets Port are only supported by certain models.
- For device models that support that function, go to Configuration → Network → Advanced
   Settings → Network Service to enable it.

# 11.3 Port Mapping

By setting port mapping, you can access devices through the specified port.

## **Before You Start**

When the ports in the device are the same as those of other devices in the network, refer to <u>Port</u> to modify the device ports.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Network  $\rightarrow$  Basic Settings  $\rightarrow$  NAT.
- 2. Select the port mapping mode.

**Auto Port Mapping** Refer to <u>Set Auto Port Mapping</u> for detailed information.

Manual Port

Refer to **Set Manual Port Mapping** for detailed information.

Mapping

3. Click Save.

# 11.3.1 Set Auto Port Mapping

## Steps

- 1. Check **Enable UPnP™**, and choose a friendly name for the camera, or you can use the default name.
- 2. Select the port mapping mode to **Auto**.
- 3. Click Save.



UPnP™ function on the router should be enabled at the same time.

# 11.3.2 Set Manual Port Mapping

## **Steps**

- 1. Check **Enable UPnP™**, and choose a friendly name for the device, or you can use the default name.
- 2. Select the port mapping mode to **Manual**, and set the external port to be the same as the internal port.
- 3. Click Save.

#### What to do next

Go to the router port mapping settings interface and set the port number and IP address to be the same as those on the device. For more information, refer to the router user manual.

## 11.4 Multicast

Multicast is group communication where data transmission is addressed to a group of destination devices simultaneously. After setting multicast, you can send the source data efficiently to multiple receivers.

Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Network  $\rightarrow$  Basic Settings  $\rightarrow$  Multicast for the multicast settings.

#### **IP Address**

It stands for the address of multicast host.

## **Stream Type**

The stream type as the multicast source.

## **Video Port**

The video port of the selected stream.

#### **Audio Port**

The audio port of the selected stream.

## **11.5 SNMP**

You can set the SNMP network management protocol to get the alarm event and exception messages in network transmission.

#### **Before You Start**

Before setting the SNMP, you should download the SNMP software and manage to receive the

device information via SNMP port.

## Steps

- 1. Go to the settings page: **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Network**  $\rightarrow$  **Advanced Settings**  $\rightarrow$  **SNMP**.
- 2. Check Enable SNMPv1, Enable SNMP v2c or Enable SNMPv3.



The SNMP version you select should be the same as that of the SNMP software.

And you also need to use the different version according to the security level required. SNMP v1 is not secure and SNMP v2 requires password for access. And SNMP v3 provides encryption and if you use the third version, HTTPS protocol must be enabled.

- 3. Configure the SNMP settings.
- 4. Click Save.

## 11.6 Access to Device via Domain Name

You can use the Dynamic DNS (DDNS) for network access. The dynamic IP address of the device can be mapped to a domain name resolution server to realize the network access via domain name.

#### **Before You Start**

Registration on the DDNS server is required before configuring the DDNS settings of the device.

#### Steps

- 1. Refer to *TCP/IP* to set DNS parameters.
- 2. Go to the DDNS settings page: **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Network**  $\rightarrow$  **Basic Settings**  $\rightarrow$  **DDNS**.
- 3. Check Enable DDNS and select DDNS type.

### **DynDNS**

Dynamic DNS server is used for domain name resolution.

## NO-IP

NO-IP server is used for domain name resolution.

- 4. Input the domain name information, and click **Save**.
- 5. Check the device ports and complete port mapping. Refer to <u>Port</u> to check the device port , and refer to <u>Port Mapping</u> for port mapping settings.
- 6. Access the device.

**By Browsers** Enter the domain name in the browser address bar to access the

device.

**By Client Software** Add domain name to the client software. Refer to the client manual

for specific adding methods.

## 11.7 Access to Device via PPPoE Dial Up Connection

This device supports the PPPoE auto dial-up function. The device gets a public IP address by ADSL dial-up after the device is connected to a modem. You need to configure the PPPoE parameters of the device.

### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Network  $\rightarrow$  Basic Settings  $\rightarrow$  PPPoE.
- 2. Check Enable PPPoE.
- 3. Set the PPPoE parameters.

### **Dynamic IP**

After successful dial-up, the dynamic IP address of the WAN is displayed.

## **User Name**

User name for dial-up network access.

#### **Password**

Password for dial-up network access.

#### **Confirm**

Input your dial-up password again.

- 4. Click Save.
- 5. Access the device.

**By Browsers** Enter the WAN dynamic IP address in the browser address bar to

access the device.

By Client Software Add the WAN dynamic IP address to the client software. Refer to the

client manual for details.



The obtained IP address is dynamically assigned via PPPoE, so the IP address always changes after rebooting the camera. To solve the inconvenience of the dynamic IP, you need to get a domain name from the DDNS provider (e.g. DynDns.com). Refer to <u>Access to Device via Domain Name</u> for detail information.

# 11.8 Enable Hik-Connect Service on Camera

Hik-Connect service should be enabled on your camera before using the service.

You can enable the service through SADP software or Web browser.

## 11.8.1 Enable Hik-Connect Service via Web Browser

Follow the following steps to enable Hik-Connect Service via Web Browser.

#### **Before You Start**

You need to activate the camera before enabling the service.

### Steps

- 1. Access the camera via web browser.
- 2. Enter platform access configuration interface. Configuration → Network → Advanced Settings → Platform Access
- 3. Select Hik-Connect as the Platform Access Mode.
- 4. Check Enable.
- 5. Click and read "Terms of Service" and "Privacy Policy" in pop-up window.
- 6. Create a verification code or change the old verification code for the camera.



The verification code is required when you add the camera to Hik-Connect service.

7. Save the settings.

## 11.8.2 Enable Hik-Connect Service via SADP Software

This part introduce how to enable Hik-Connect service via SADP software of an activated camera.

#### Steps

- 1. Run SADP software.
- 2. Select a camera and enter **Modify Network Parameters** page.
- 3. Check Enable Hik-Connect.
- 4. Create a verification code or change the old verification code.

**i**Note

The verification code is required when you add the camera to Hik-Connect service.

- 5. Click and read "Terms of Service" and "Privacy Policy".
- 6. Confirm the settings.

## 11.8.3 Access Camera via Hik-Connect

Hik-Connect is an application for mobile devices. Using the App, you can view live image, receive

alarm notification and so on.

#### **Before You Start**

Connect the camera to network with network cables.

## **Steps**

1. Get and install Hik-Connect application by the following ways.

Visit <u>https://appstore.hikvision.com</u> to download the application according to your mobile phone system. Visit the official site of our company. Then go to **Support** → **Hikvision App Store**. Scan the QR code below to download the application.



Note

If errors like "Unknown app" occur during the installation, solve the problem in two ways. Visit <a href="https://appstore.hikvision.com/static/help/index.html">https://appstore.hikvision.com/static/help/index.html</a> to refer to the troubleshooting. Visit <a href="https://appstore.hikvision.com/">https://appstore.hikvision.com/</a>, and click Installation Help at the upper right corner of the interface to refer to the troubleshooting.

- 2. Start the application and register for a Hik-Connect user account.
- 3. Log in after registration.
- 4. In the app, tap "+" on the upper-right corner and then scan the QR code of the camera to add the camera. You can find the QR code on the camera or on the cover of the Quick Start Guide of the camera in the package.
- 5. Follow the prompts to set the network connection and add the camera to your Hik-Connect account.

For detailed information, refer to the user manual of the Hik-Connect app.

## 11.9 Set ISUP

When the device is registered on ISUP platform (formerly called Ehome), you can visit and manage the device, transmit data, and forward alarm information over public network.

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Network  $\rightarrow$  Advanced Settings  $\rightarrow$  Platform Access.
- 2. Select **ISUP** as the platform access mode.
- 3. Select Enable.
- 4. Select a protocol version and input related parameters.
- 5. Click Save.

Register status turns to **Online** when the function is correctly set.

# 11.10 Set Open Network Video Interface

If you need to access the device through Open Network Video Interface protocol, you can configure the user settings to enhance the network security.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Network  $\rightarrow$  Advanced Settings  $\rightarrow$  Integration Protocol.
- 2. Check Enable Open Network Video Interface.
- 3. Click **Add** to configure the Open Network Video Interface user.

**Delete** Delete the selected Open Network Video Interface user.

**Modify** Modify the selected Open Network Video Interface user.

- 4. Click Save.
- 5. Optional: Repeat the steps above to add more Open Network Video Interface users.

## 11.11 Set Alarm Host

The device can send the alarm signal to the remote alarm host when an event occurs. The alarm host refers to the PC installed with client software.

#### Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Network  $\rightarrow$  Other.
- 2. Enter the alarm host IP and port.
- 3. Click Save.

## 11.12 Set Alarm Server

The device can send alarms to destination IP address or host name through HTTP, HTTPS, or ISUP protocol. The destination IP address or host name should support HTTP, HTTP, or ISUP data transmission.

### Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Network  $\rightarrow$  Advanced Settings  $\rightarrow$  Alarm Server.
- 2. Enter **Destination IP or Host Name**, **URL**, and **Port**.
- 3. Select Protocol.

**i**Note

HTTP, HTTPS, and ISUP are selectable. It is recommended to use HTTPS, as it encrypts the data transmission during communication.

- 4. Click **Test** to check if the IP or host is available.
- 5. Click **Save**.

## 11.13 Set Network Service

You can control the ON/OFF status of certain protocol as desired.

## **Steps**



This function varies according to different models.

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Network  $\rightarrow$  Advanced Settings  $\rightarrow$  Network Service.
- 2. Set network service.

#### WebSocket & WebSockets

WebSocket or WebSockets protocol should be enabled if you use Google Chrome 57 and its above version or Mozilla Firefox 52 and its above version to visit the device. Otherwise, live view, image capture, and digital zoom function cannot be used.

If the device uses HTTP, enable WebSocket.

If the device uses HTTPS, enable WebSockets.

## **TLS (Transport Layer Security)**

The device offers TLS1.1 and TLS1.2. Enable one or more protocol versions according to your need.

3. Click Save.

## 11.14 Set SRTP

The Secure Real-time Transport Protocol (SRTP) is a Real-time Transport Protocol (RTP) internet protocol, intended to provide encryption, message authentication and integrity, and replay attack protection to the RTP data in both unicast and multicast applications.

## Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Network  $\rightarrow$  Advanced Settings  $\rightarrow$  SRTP.
- 2. Select Server Certificate.
- 3. Select Encrypted Algorithm.
- 4. Click Save.

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Only certain device models support this function.

# **Chapter 12 System and Security**

It introduces system maintenance, system settings and security management, and explains how to configure relevant parameters.

## 12.1 View Device Information

You can view device information, such as Device No., Model, Serial No. and Firmware Version. Enter **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **System**  $\rightarrow$  **System Settings**  $\rightarrow$  **Basic Information** to view the device information.

# 12.2 Search and Manage Log

Log helps locate and troubleshoot problems.

## **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  Maintenance  $\rightarrow$  Log.
- 2. Set search conditions Major Type, Minor Type, Start Time, and End Time.
- 3. Click Search.
  - The matched log files will be displayed on the log list.
- 4. Optional: Click **Export** to save the log files in your computer.

# 12.3 Import and Export Configuration File

It helps speed up batch configuration on other devices with the same parameters.

- 1. Export configuration file.
  - 1) Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  Maintenance  $\rightarrow$  Upgrade & Maintenance.
  - 2) Click **Device Parameters** and input the encryption password to export the current configuration file.
  - 3) Set the saving path to save the configuration file in local computer.
- 2. Import configuration file.
  - 1) Access the device that needs to be configured via web browser.
  - 2) Click **Browse** to select the saved configuration file.
  - 3) Input the encryption password you have set when exporting the configuration file.
  - 4) Click **Import**.

# 12.4 Export Diagnose Information

Diagnose information includes running log, system information, hardware information. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  Maintenance  $\rightarrow$  Upgrade & Maintenance, and click Diagnose Information to export diagnose information of the device.

## 12.5 Reboot

You can reboot the device via browser.

Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  Maintenance  $\rightarrow$  Upgrade & Maintenance, and click Reboot.

## 12.6 Restore and Default

Restore and Default helps restore the device parameters to the default settings.

### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  Maintenance  $\rightarrow$  Upgrade & Maintenance.
- 2. Click **Restore** or **Default** according to your needs.

**Restore** Reset device parameters, except user information, IP parameters and

video format to the default settings.

**Default** Reset all the parameters to the factory default.

iNote

Be careful when using this function. After resetting to the factory default, all the parameters are reset to the default settings.

# 12.7 Upgrade

#### **Before You Start**

You need to obtain the correct upgrade package.



DO NOT disconnect power during the process, and the device reboots automatically after upgrade.

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  Maintenance  $\rightarrow$  Upgrade & Maintenance.
- 2. Choose one method to upgrade.

**Firmware** Locate the exact path of the upgrade file.

**Firmware Directory** Locate the directory which the upgrade file belongs to.

- 3. Click **Browse** to select the upgrade file.
- 4. Click Upgrade.

# 12.8 View Open Source Software License

Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  System Settings  $\rightarrow$  About Device, and click View Licenses.

## 12.9 Time and Date

You can configure time and date of the device by configuring time zone, time synchronization and Daylight Saving Time (DST).

# 12.9.1 Synchronize Time Manually

### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  System Settings  $\rightarrow$  Time Settings.
- 2. Select Time Zone.
- 3. Click Manual Time Sync..
- 4. Choose one time synchronization method.
  - Select **Set Time**, and manually input or select date and time from the pop-up calendar.

Check Sync. with computer time to synchronize the time of the device with that of the local PC.

5. Click **Save**.

## 12.9.2 Set NTP Server

You can use NTP server when accurate and reliable time source is required.

#### **Before You Start**

Set up a NTP server or obtain NTP server information.

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  System Settings  $\rightarrow$  Time Settings.
- 2. Select **Time Zone**.
- 3. Click NTP.
- 4. Set Server Address, NTP Port and Interval.

iNote

Server Address is NTP server IP address.

- 5. Click **Test** to test server connection.
- 6. Click Save.

## 12.9.3 Set DST

If the region where the device is located adopts Daylight Saving Time (DST), you can set this function.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  System Settings  $\rightarrow$  DST.
- 2. Check Enable DST.
- 3. Select Start Time, End Time and DST Bias.
- 4. Click Save.

## 12.10 Set RS-232

RS-232 can be used to debug device or access peripheral device. RS-232 can realize communication between the device and computer or terminal when the communication distance is short.

#### **Before You Start**

Connect the device to computer or terminal with RS-232 cable.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  System Settings  $\rightarrow$  RS-232.
- 2. Set RS-232 parameters to match the device with computer or terminal.
- 3. Click Save.

## 12.11 Set RS-485

RS-485 is used to connect the device to external device. You can use RS-485 to transmit the data between the device and the computer or terminal when the communication distance is too long.

#### **Before You Start**

Connect the device and computer or termial with RS-485 cable.

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  System Settings  $\rightarrow$  RS-485.
- 2. Set the RS-485 parameters.



You should keep the parameters of the device and the computer or terminal all the same.

3. Click Save.

## 12.12 Set Same Unit

Set the same temperature unit and distance unit. When you enable this function, the unit cannot be configured separately in other setting pages

### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  System Settings  $\rightarrow$  Unit Settings.
- 2. Check Use Same Unit.
- 3. Set the temperature unit and distance unit.
- 4. Click Save.

# 12.13 Security

You can improve system security by setting security parameters.

## 12.13.1 Authentication

You can improve network access security by setting RTSP and WEB authentication. Go to **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **System**  $\rightarrow$  **Security**  $\rightarrow$  **Authentication** to choose authentication protocol and method according to your needs.

#### **RTSP Authentication**

Digest and digest/basic are supported, which means authentication information is needed when RTSP request is sent to the device. If you select **digest/basic**, it means the device supports digest or basic authentication. If you select **digest**, the device only supports digest authentication.

## **WEB Authentication**

Digest and digest/basic are supported, which means authentication information is needed when WEB request is sent to the device. If you select **digest/basic**, it means the device supports digest or basic authentication. If you select **digest**, the device only supports digest authentication.

or busic dutilentication. If you select <b>dispose</b> , the device only supports dispose dutilentication.
iNote
Refer to the specific content of protocol to view authentication requirements.

## 12.13.2 Security Audit Log

The security audit logs refer to the security operation logs. You can search and analyze the security log files of the device so as to find out the illegal intrusion and troubleshoot the security events. Security audit logs can be saved on device internal storage. The log will be saved every half hour after device booting. Due to limited storage space, you can also save the logs on a log server.

## **Search Security Audit Logs**

You can search and analyze the security log files of the device so as to find out the illegal intrusion and troubleshoot the security events.

## **Steps**



This function is only supported by certain camera models.

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  Maintenance  $\rightarrow$  Security Audit Log.
- 2. Select log types, **Start Time**, and **End Time**.
- 3. Click Search.

The log files that match the search conditions will be displayed on the Log List.

4. Optional: Click **Export** to save the log files to your computer.

## 12.13.3 Set IP Address Filter

IP address filter is a tool for access control. You can enable the IP address filter to allow or forbid the visits from the certain IP addresses.

IP address refers to IPv4.

#### Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  Security  $\rightarrow$  IP Address Filter.
- 2. Check Enable IP Address Filter.
- 3. Select the type of IP address filter.

**Forbidden** IP addresses in the list cannot access the device.

**Allowed** Only IP addresses in the list can access the device.

4. Edit the IP address filter list.

Add a new IP address to the list.

**Modify** Modify the selected IP address in the list.

**Delete** Delete the selected IP address in the list.

5. Click Save.

## 12.13.4 Certificate Management

It helps to manage the server/client certificates and CA certificate.

Note

The function is only supported by certain device models.

## **Create Self-signed Certificate**

#### **Steps**

- 1. Click Create Self-signed Certificate.
- 2. Follow the prompt to enter **Certificate ID**, **Country/Region**, **Hostname/IP**, **Validity** and other parameters.

**i** Note

The certificate ID should be digits or letters and be no more than 64 characters.

- 3. Click OK.
- 4. Optional: Click **Export** to export the certificate, or click **Delete** to delete the certificate to recreate a certificate, or click **Certificate Properties** to view the certificate details.

## **Create Certificate Request**

#### **Before You Start**

Select a self-signed certificate.

#### Steps

- 1. Click Create Certificate Request.
- 2. Enter the related information.
- 3. Click OK.

## **Import Certificate**

- 1. Click Import.
- 2. Click **Create Certificate Request**.
- 3. Enter the **Certificate ID**.
- 4. Click **Browser** to select the desired server/client certificate.
- 5. Select the desired import method and enter the required information.
- 6. Click OK.

7. Optional: Click **Export** to export the certificate, or click **Delete** to delete the certificate to recreate a certificate, or click **Certificate Properties** to view the certificate details.

i Note

- Up to 16 certificates are allowed.
- If certain functions are using the certificate, it cannot be deleted.
- You can view the functions that are using the certificate in the functions column.
- You cannot create a certificate that has the same ID with that of the existing certificate and import a certificate that has the same content with that of the existing certificate.

## **Install Server/Client Certificate**

### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  Security  $\rightarrow$  Certificate Management.
- Click Create Self-signed Certificate, Create Certificate Request and Import to install server/client certificate.

**Create self-signed** 

certificate

Refer to *Create Self-signed Certificate* 

Create certificate

request

Refer to *Create Certificate Request* 

Import Certificate Refer to Import Certificate

#### Install CA Certificate

## **Before You Start**

Prepare a CA certificate in advance.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  Security  $\rightarrow$  Certificate Management.
- 2. Create an ID in the Inport CA Certificate area.

**i**Note

The input certificate ID cannot be the same as the existing ones.

- 3. Upload a certificate file from the local.
- 4. Click Install.

## **Enable Certificate Expiration Alarm**

## **Steps**

- 1. Check **Enable Certificate Expiration Alarm**. If enabled, you will receive an email or the camera links to the surveillance center that the certificate will expire soon, or is expired or abnormal.
- 2. Set the Remind Me Before Expiration (day), Alarm Frequency (day) and Detection Time (hour).

Note

- If you set the reminding day before expiration to 1, then the camera will remind you the day before the expiration day. 1 to 30 days are available. Seven days is the default reminding days.
- If you set the reminding day before expiration to 1, and the detection time to 10:00, and the certificate will expire in 9:00 the next day, the camera will remind you in 10:00 the first day.
- 3. Click Save.

## 12.13.5 Control Timeout Settings

If this function is enabled, you will be logged out when you make no operation (not including viewing live image) to the device via web browser within the set timeout period. Go to **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **System**  $\rightarrow$  **Security**  $\rightarrow$  **Advanced Security** to complete settings.

## 12.13.6 Set SSH

SSH is a protocol to ensure security of remote login. This setting is reserved for professional maintenance personnel only.

#### Steps

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  Security  $\rightarrow$  Security Service.
- 2. Check Enable SSH.
- 3. Click Save.

## 12.13.7 Set HTTPS

HTTPS is a network protocol that enables encrypted transmission and identity authentication, which improves the security of remote access.

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Network  $\rightarrow$  Advanced Settings  $\rightarrow$  HTTPS.
- 2. Check Enable.
- 3. Optional: Check HTTPS Browsing to access the device only via HTTPS protocol.
- 4. Select a server certificate.

**i**Note

- Complete certificate management before selecting server certificate. Refer to for detailed information.
- If the function is abnormal, check if the selected certificate is abnormal in **Certificate**Management.
- 5. Click Save.

## 12.13.8 Set QoS

QoS (Quality of Service) can help improve the network delay and network congestion by setting the priority of data sending.

Note

QoS needs support from network device such as router and switch.

### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Network  $\rightarrow$  Advanced Configuration  $\rightarrow$  QoS.
- 2. Set Video/Audio DSCP, Alarm DSCP and Management DSCP.

Note

Network can identify the priority of data transmission. The bigger the DSCP value is, the higher the priority is. You need to set the same value in router while configuration.

3. Click **Save**.

## 12.13.9 Set IEEE 802.1X

You can authenticate user permission of the connected device by setting IEEE 802.1X. Go to **Configuration**  $\rightarrow$  **Network**  $\rightarrow$  **Advanced Settings**  $\rightarrow$  **802.1X**, and enable the function. Select protocol and version according to router information. User name and password of server are required.

## 12.14 User and Account

## 12.14.1 Set User Account and Permission

The administrator can add, modify, or delete other accounts, and grant different permission to

#### different user levels.



To increase security of using the device on the network, please change the password of your account regularly. Changing the password every 3 months is recommended. If the device is used in high-risk environment, it is recommended that the password should be changed every month or week.

### **Steps**

- 1. Go to Configuration  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  User Management  $\rightarrow$  User Management.
- 2. Click **Add**. Enter **User Name**, select **Level**, and enter **Password**. Assign remote permission to users based on needs.

#### **Administrator**

The administrator has the authority to all operations and can add users and operators and assign permission.

#### User

Users can be assigned permission of viewing live video, setting PTZ parameters, and changing their own passwords, but no permission for other operations.

## Operator

Operators can be assigned all permission except for operations on the administrator and creating accounts.

Modify Select a user and click Modify to change the password and

permission.

**Delete** Select a user and click **Delete**.

Note

The administrator can add up to 31 user accounts.

## 3. Click OK.

# **Chapter 13 Appendix**

# **13.1 Common Material Emissivity Reference**

Material	Emissivity
Human Skin	0.98
Printed Curcuit Board	0.91
Concrete	0.95
Ceramic	0.92
Rubber	0.95
Paint	0.93
Wood	0.85
Pitch	0.96
Brick	0.95
Sand	0.90
Soil	0.92
Cloth	0.98
Hard Paperboard	0.90
White Paper	0.90
Water	0.96

# 13.2 Device Command

Scan the following QR code to get device common serial port commands. Note that the command list contains the commonly used serial port commands for Hikvision thermal cameras.



# **13.3 Device Communication Matrix**

Scan the following QR code to get device communication matrix.

Note that the matrix contains all communication ports of Hikvision thermal cameras.



# 13.4 FAQ

Scan the following QR code to get device common FAQ.



